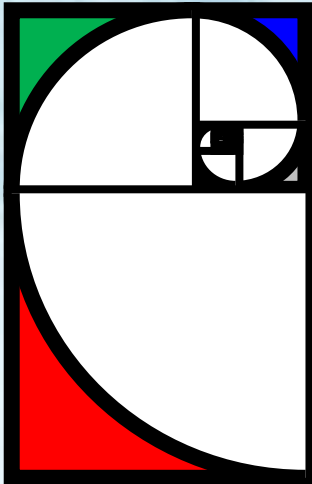


Estimating Uncertainty due to Stray Light in Spectroradiometric Measurements



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Overview

- I. Background: Stray Light Model of Zong et al.
- II. Application to Estimating Uncertainty
- III. Further Investigation: Thought Experiments

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I. BACKGROUND:

Stray Light Model of Zong et al.

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- Characterize Spectroradiometer
 - Measure multiple line sources at different wavelengths
 - Derive Line Spread Functions (LSF)
 - Interpolate to construct a distribution matrix (\mathbf{A})

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}$$

- Stray Light Correction
 - Apply inverse transform (\mathbf{A}^{-1}) to measured spectrum

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}} = [\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{D}]\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}} = \mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}$$

II. APPLICATION:

Estimating Uncertainty
due to Stray Light

Estimating Uncertainty due to Stray Light

- Adopt a “typical” **D** matrix*
- Apply **D** to both DUT and REF
- Calculate the quotient:

$$\mathbf{Y}'_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT}) = \mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT}) / \mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}}(\text{REF})$$

- Apply assigned REF value as usual, e.g.

$$\Phi_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT}) = \mathbf{Y}'_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT}) \cdot \Phi(\text{REF})$$

- Compare $\Phi_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT})$ to $\Phi(\text{DUT})$

**Note:* “Typical” D matrix can be scaled...

Spectrometer Readings [counts] for Given Source Spectra

**GIVEN: $\Phi(\text{DUT}), \Phi(\text{REF})$
 \mathbf{R}, \mathbf{D}**

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}(\text{DUT}) = \mathbf{R}\Phi(\text{DUT})$$

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}(\text{REF}) = \mathbf{R}\Phi(\text{REF})$$

Stray Light Effect on Spectrometer Readings [counts]

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}} = [\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{D}]\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}$$

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{meas}} = \mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}} + \mathbf{D}\mathbf{Y}_{\text{IB}}$$

Stray Light Effect on Spectroradiometric Measurement

$$\Phi_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT}) = \Phi(\text{REF}) \cdot Y_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT})/Y_{\text{meas}}(\text{REF})$$

*Also applies to:

irradiance, intensity, and radiance

Compare
 $\Phi_{\text{meas}}(\text{DUT})$ to $\Phi(\text{DUT})$

$$\Delta\Phi_{L_{\text{rel}}} = (\Phi_{L_{\text{meas}}} / \Phi_{L_0}) - 1$$

Also: $\Delta x, \Delta y, \text{etc.}$



III. FURTHER INVESTIGATION:
Thought Experiments

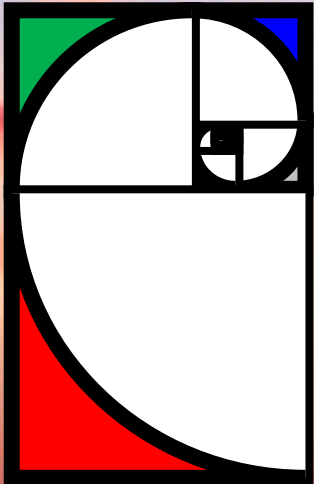
Thought Experiments

- Prioritizing Effort and Expense
 - Stray-light characterization & correction
 - State of the art vs. mid-range spectroradiometers
 - Expectations for low-end spectroradiometers
- Evaluating simplified stray light specifications
 - Reconciling different types of stray light standards
 - Proposing standard specifications?

Conclusion

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QUESTIONS?



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